Year 3: Ancient Egypt

HISTORICAL CONTEXT:



ANCIENT EGYPT

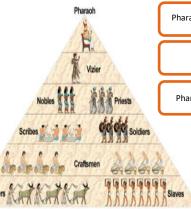


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SOCIAL HIERARCHY & PHARAOHS:



Pharaohs ruled the Egyptian government, priests, legal systems, armies and all the lands.

Pharaohs were seen as God-Kings and there was no limit to their greatness.

Pharaohs ruled the Egyptian government, priests, legal systems, armies and all the lands.

Pyramids were built with tombs inside to protect the pharaoh's bodies forever.

They were built by whole towns of people.

Egyptian writing is called hieroglyphs.

TUTANKHAMUN:

In 1922, archaeologist Howard Carter found the royal tomb of Tutankhamun (a pharaoh from 1336BC).

At the time, he was not a historically important pharaoh, but is seen as one now because he tomb was untouched by tomb raiders.

The findings from his tomb have provided important evidence about what life was like in ancient Egypt.





EGYPTIAN GODS:





ANUBIS

ANOBIS

HORUS

God of the Sky

God of the Dead





OSIRIS

Ruler of the Underworld

Sun God

RA

KEY VOCABULARY



ANCIENT: belonging to the distant past, especially to the period in history before the end of the Roman Empire.



ARCHAEOLOGIST: someone who studies the past by exploring old remains



ARMY: an organised military force equipped for fighting on land



CIVILISATION: a human society with its own social organisation and culture



CRAFTSMAN: a worker skilled in a particular job



DYNASTY: a line of hereditary rulers of a country



ERA: a long and distinct period of history



GODS-KING: a king who is of divine descent.



GOVERNMENT: the group of people with the authority to govern a country or state



HIEROGLYPHS: symbols in the form of pictures which are used in the writing system of Ancient Egypt.



LEGAL SYSTEM: a procedure or process for interpreting and enforcing the law



PHAROAH: a king of Ancient Egypt.



POLYTHEISM: the worship of belief in more than one god.



PRIEST: a person who performs religious ceremonies and duties



PYRAMID: an ancient stone building with four triangular sloping sides.



SCRIBE: a person who can read and write, and can copy out



SOCIETY: people in general, through of as a large organised group



TEMPLE: a building devoted to the worship of a god or gods.



TOMB RAIDER: a person who opens or steals from tombs in order to obtain valuable items



TUTANKHAMUN: an Egyptian pharaoh who was the last of his royal family to rule.



VIZIER: a high official



WORSHIP: the feeling or expression of reverence and adoration for a deity.